Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Date of issue: 11/19/2007 Revision date: 08/22/2018 Supersedes: 11/19/2007

Version: 2.0

SECTION 1: Identification

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1.1. Identification		
Product form	: Mixture	
Product name	: SPX SYNTHETIC BLEND PASSENGER CAR ENGINE OIL	
Synonyms	: SPX SYNTHETIC BLEND 10W30, GF5/SN	
	SPX SYNTHETIC BLEND 5W20, GF-5/SN	
	SPX SYNTHETIC BLEND 5W30, GF-5/SN	
1.2. Recommended use and	. Recommended use and restrictions on use	

Use of the substance/mixture

: PASSENGER CAR ENGINE OIL

1.3. Supplier

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Manufacturer

General Petroleum Corporation, DBA Maxum Petroleum 19501 South Santa Fe Avenue Rancho Dominguez, CA 90221 United States of America T: (310) 356-2757 email: customer.service@maxumpetroleum.com website: http://www.generalpetroleum.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number

: (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC (24 HOURS) Transportation: (310) 356-2757

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Eye Irrit. 2H319Causes serious eye irritationAsp. Tox. 1H304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal word (GHS-US)	: Danger
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	 H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
Precautionary statements (GHS-US)	 P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P280 - Wear protective gloves, eye protection. P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a doctor P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

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P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (DMSO < 3%)	(CAS-No.) 64742-54-7	<= 50	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (DMSO <3%)	(CAS-No.) 64742-55-8	<= 50	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(1,3- dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	(CAS-No.) 84605-29-8	0.25 - 2.7	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation	If inhaled and if breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical attention.
First-aid measures after skin contact	Wash skin with mild soap and water.
First-aid measures after eye contact	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
First-aid measures after ingestion	If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. To prevent aspiration, keep head below knees. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into lungs. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)	
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) ex	I. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Dry chemical, CO2, or water spray or regular foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.	
5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical		
Reactivity	: No dangerous reactions known.	

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5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Fire-resistant protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapor and mist. Wear suitable gloves. Nitrile gloves. VITON gloves. Use splash goggles when eye contact due to splashing is possible.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into drains or the environment. May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment	Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Contain and/or absorb spill with inert material, then place in suitable container.
Methods for cleaning up	: Large Spills: Dike far ahead of spill for later disposal. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand, or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Small quantities of liquid spill: take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shovel into container for disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections (8, 13).

SECTION 7: Handling and storage		
7.1. Precautions for safe handling		
Additional hazards when processed	Product can accumulate electrostatic charges that may cause fire by electrical discharges. Never use pressure to empty container. Over pressure may rupture containers, cause serious injury, cause or accelerate fire.	
Precautions for safe handling	Handling this product may result in electrostatic accumulation. Use proper grounding procedures. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery or waste in accordance with local regulation.	
Hygiene measures	: Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in areas of storage and use. Always wash hands after handling the product.	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities		
Technical measures	 Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. 	
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidizers. Strong acids.	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (DMSO < 3%) (64742-54-7)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³

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Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (DMSO <3%) (64742-55-8)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts (84605-29-8) Not applicable

Monitoring methods	
Monitoring methods (oil)	NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods, Mixed Cellulose Ester Filter
	(MCEF) 0.8 microns

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Avoid splashing. Avoid creating mist or spray. Either local exhaust or general room ventilation is usually required.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:

Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration. VITON gloves. nitrile rubber gloves

Eye protection:

Use splash goggles when eye contact due to splashing is possible

Respiratory protection:

Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended. Use an approved respirator equipped with oil/mist cartridges or P100.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties	
9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Amber liquid.
Color	: amber
Odor	: petroleum-like odor
Odor threshold	: No data available
рН	: Not applicable
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: > 315 °C
Flash point	: 215 °C
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
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Vapor pressure	: < 0.01 mm Hg @ 37.8 C (100 F)
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: >1
Relative density	: 0.89 @ 15.6 C (60.1 F)
Solubility	: Soluble in organic solvents. insoluble in water.
Log Pow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated hea		vy paraffinic (DMSO < 3%) (64742-54-7)
	······································	Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not classified
	Acute toxicity (oral)	Not classified

LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 5.53 mg/l/4h

	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated ligh	t paraffinic (DMSO <3%) (64742-55-8)	
	LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight	
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Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (DMSO <3%) (64742-55-8)			
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg body weight		
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 10.5 mg/l/4h		
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed 0,0-bis(1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts (84605-29-8)		
LD50 oral rat	3100 mg/kg		
LD50 dermal rat	> 2002 mg/kg		
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 2.3 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (oral)	3100 mg/kg body weight		
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified		
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified		
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified		
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified		

SPX SYNTHETIC BLEND PASSENGER CAR ENGINE OIL	
IARC group	Not listed in carcinogenicity class
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Not listed in carcinogenicity class
	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	
Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Likely routes of exposure	: Dermal.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: Ecological infor	SECTION 12: Ecological information			
12.1. Toxicity				
Ecology - general	: No ecotoxicological data about this product are known.			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (DMSO < 3%) (64742-54-7)				
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l			
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (DMSO <3%) (64742-55-8)				
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l LL50.			
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts (84605-29-8)				
LC50 fish 1	4.5 mg/l			
EC50 Daphnia 1	23 mg/l			
ErC50 (algae)	21 mg/l			
NOEC (acute)	1.8 mg/l			
NOEC chronic crustacea	0.8 mg/l			

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12.2. Persistence and degradability			
SPX SYNTHETIC BLEND PASSENG	ER CAR ENGINE OIL		
Persistence and degradability	This product is not expected to be biodegradable.		
	d light paraffinic (DMSO <3%) (64742-55-8)		
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable.		
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed 0,0	-bis(1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts (84605-29-8)		
Biodegradation	1.5 % 28 days		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O	-bis(1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts (84605-29-8)		
Log Kow	0.56		
12.4. Mobility in soil SPX SYNTHETIC BLEND PASSENGER CAR ENGINE OIL			
Ecology - soil	No additional information available.		
12.5. Other adverse effects			
Effect on the ozone layer	: None known		
Effect on global warming	None known		
Other information	: No additional information available.		
SECTION 13: Disposal conside	erations		
13.1. Disposal methods			
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.		
SECTION 14: Transport inform	nation		
Department of Transportation (DOT)			
Not regulated.			

Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Not regulated.

Transport by sea

Not regulated.

Air transport

Not regulated.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (DMSO < 3%) (64742-54-7)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

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Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (DMSO <3%) (64742-55-8)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts (84605-29-8) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (DMSO < 3%) (64742-54-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (DMSO <3%) (64742-55-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts (84605-29-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (DMSO <3%) (64742-55-8) Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts (84605-29-8)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

National regulations

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (DMSO <3%) (64742-55-8)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on Taiwan National Chemical Inventory

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(1,3-dimethylbutyl and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts (84605-29-8)

Not listed on the Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances of China (IECSC). Listed on KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

Listed on Taiwan National Chemical Inventory

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

No additional information.

SECTION 16: Other information

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Data sources	 European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) C&L Inventory database. Accessed at http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database.
	European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) Registered Substances list. Accessed at http://echa.europa.eu/ .
	Component Supplier SDSs.
	Manufacturer Information.

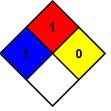
Full text of H-phrases:

Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2	
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1	
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways	
H315	Causes skin irritation	
H318	Causes serious eye damage	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ACGIH (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists)		
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate		
CAS (Chemical Abstracts Service) number		
GHS: Globally Harmonized System (of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals).		
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer		
LD50: Lethal Dose for 50% of the test population		
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limits		
TWA: Time Weighted Average		

NFPA health hazard	: 1 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause significant irritation.	
NFPA fire hazard	: 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur.	
NFPA reactivity	: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.	



Indication of changes:

Section	Changed item	Change	Comments
2.1	Show classification (GHS US)	Added	
2.2		Modified	Modified to be consistent with classification

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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SDS prepared by: The Redstone Group, LLC 6077 Frantz Rd. Suite 206 Dublin, OH USA 43017 T 614-923-7472 www.redstonegrp.com.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product