Material Safety Data Sheet

PRIME White Oils 70, 90, 200, 350 & 500

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRIME White Oils

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE

IPAC, INC. HEALTH (24 hr): (800)720-7949

11875 Dublin Blvd., A-201

Dublin, CA 94568

PRODUCT INFORMATION: MSDS Request: (800)720-7949

Environmental, Safety, & Health Info: (800)720-7949

Product Information: (800)720-7949

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

100.0 PRIME White Oils

CONTAINING

COMPONENTS

AMOUNT LIMIT/QTY AGENCY/TYPE

WHITE MINERAL OIL

Chemical Name: WHITE MINERAL OIL

CAS8042475

100.00%

5 mg/m3 (mist) ACGIH TWA

10 mg/m3 (mist) ACGIH STEL 5 mg/m3 (mist) OSHA PEL

COMPOSITION COMMENT:

All the components of this material are on the Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Substances Inventory.

This product fits the ACGIH definition for mineral oil mist. The ACGIH TLV is 5 mg/m3, the OSHA PEL is 5 mg/m3. This material complies with Food and Drug Administration Regulations (21 CFR 172.878 & 21 CFR 178.3620B).

Prime White Oils are odorless, tasteless, crystal clear, technical grade white mineral oils of the utmost purity. They meet or exceed the requirements of the U.S. FDA Regulation 21 CFR 172.878 and 178.3620 (b), for direct and indirect contact with food. They surpass standards of the US Pharmacopoeia (USP) and the National Formulary (NF) and have also been approved as H1 Lubricants for use in food plants under the jurisdiction of the USDA. Prime White Oils are also Kosher certified.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

IMMEDIATE HEALTH EFFECTS

EYE:

Not expected to cause prolonged or significant eye irritation.

SKIN:

Contact with the skin is not expected to cause prolonged or significant irritation. Not expected to be harmful to internal organs if absorbed through the skin.

INGESTION:

Not expected to be harmful if swallowed.

INHALATION:

Contains a petroleum-based mineral oil. May cause respiratory irritation or other pulmonary effects following prolonged or repeated inhalation of oil mist at airborne levels above the recommended mineral oil mist exposure limit.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE:

No specific first aid measures are required because this material is not expected to cause eye irritation. As a precaution remove contact lenses, if worn, and flush eyes with water.

SKIN:

No specific first aid measures are required because this material is not expected to be harmful if it contacts the skin. As a precaution, remove clothing and shoes if contaminated. Wash skin with soap and water. Wash or clean contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse.

INGESTION:

No specific first aid measures are required because this material is not expected to be harmful if swallowed. Do not induce vomiting. As a

precaution, give the person a glass of water or milk to drink and get medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. INHALATION:

If exposed to excessive levels of material in the air, move the exposed person to fresh air. Get medical attention if coughing or respiratory discomfort occurs.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FIRE CLASSIFICATION:

Classification (29 CFR 1910.1200): Not classified by OSHA as flammable or combustible.

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES:

FLASH POINT: (COC) 300F Min.

AUTOIGNITION: NDA

FLAMMABILITY LIMITS (% by volume in air): Lower: NA Upper: NA

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

CO2, Dry Chemical, Foam and Water Fog.

NFPA RATINGS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:

This material will burn although it is not easily ignited. For fires involving this material, do not enter any enclosed or confined fire space without proper protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus.

COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

Normal combustion forms carbon dioxide and water vapor; incomplete combustion can produce carbon monoxide.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

CHEMTREC EMERGENCY NUMBER (24 hr): (800)424-9300 or (703)527-3887

International Collect Calls Accepted

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:

Stop the source of the leak or release. Clean up releases as soon as possible, observing precautions in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection. Contain liquid to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or groundwater. Clean up small spills using appropriate techniques such as sorbent materials or pumping. Where feasible and appropriate, remove contaminated soil. Follow prescribed procedures for reporting and responding to larger releases.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Container is not designed to contain pressure. Do not use pressure to empty container or it may rupture with explosive force. Empty containers retain product residue (solid, liquid, and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Empty containers should be completely drained, properly closed, and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner, or properly disposed of. Avoid contaminating soil or releasing this material into sewage and drainage systems and bodies of water.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 3), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Use in a well-ventilated area. If user operations generate an oil mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below the recommended mineral oil mist exposure limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT EYE/FACE PROTECTION:

No special eye protection is normally required. Where splashing is possible, wear safety glasses with side shields as a good safety practice. SKIN PROTECTION:

No special protective clothing is normally required. Where splashing is possible, select protective clothing depending on operations conducted, physical requirements and other substances. Suggested materials for protective gloves include: <Viton> <Nitrile> <Silver Shield>

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

No respiratory protection is normally required. If user operations generate an oil mist, determine if airborne concentrations are below the recommended mineral oil mist exposure limits. If not wear a NIOSH approved respirator that provides adequate protection from measured concentrations of this material. Use the following elements for air-purifying respirators: particulate.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION:

Clear, bright liquid.

pH:

NA

VAPOR PRESSURE: <0.01 mm Hg at 100F

VAPOR DENSITY

(AIR=1): Heavier than air.

BOILING POINT: >600F (>315C)

FREEZING POINT: NA MELTING POINT: NA

Soluble in hydrocarbon solvents; insoluble in water. SOLUBILITY:

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.85 to 0.87 @ 15.6/15.6 C

VISCOSITY: 12.0 to 95 cSt @ 40 °C

POUR POINT:

+10 to +25 °F

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

None known.

CHEMICAL STABILITY:

Stable.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

No data available.

INCOMPATIBILITY WITH OTHER MATERIALS:

May react with strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, etc.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Polymerization will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

EYE EFFECTS:

The mean 24-hour Draize eye irritation score in rabbits is 3.0-4.0/110. SKIN EFFECTS:

For a 4-hour exposure, the Primary Irritation Index (PII) in rabbits is: 0.1-0.2/8. The acute dermal LD50 in rabbits is >5g/kg. This material did not cause skin sensitization reactions in a Buehler guinea pig test. ACUTE ORAL EFFECTS:

The acute oral LD50 in rats is >5g/kg.

ACUTE INHALATION EFFECTS:

The acute respiratory toxicity is based on data for a similar material. ADDITIONAL TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION:

This product contains petroleum base oils which may be refined by various processes including severe solvent extraction, severe hydrocracking, or severe hydrotreating. None of the oils requires a cancer warning under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). These oils

have not been listed in the National Toxicology Program (NTP) Annual Report nor have they been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as; carcinogenic to humans (Group 1), probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A), or possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B).

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY:

This material is not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms. ENVIRONMENTAL FATE:

This material is considered inherently biodegradable. This material is not expected to present any environmental problems other than those associated with oil spills. See Section 6 for Accidental Release Measures.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Oil collection services are available for used oil recycling or disposal. Place contaminated materials in containers and dispose of in a manner consistent with applicable regulations. Contact your sales representative or local environmental or health authorities for approved disposal or recycling methods.

The description shown may not apply to all shipping situations. Consult 49CFR, or appropriate Dangerous Goods Regulations, for additional description requirements (e.g., technical name) and mode-specific or quantity-specific shipping requirements.

DOT SHIPPING NAME: NONE DOT HAZARD CLASS: NONE

DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: NONE

DOT PACKING GROUP: N/A

ADDITIONAL INFO: Petroleum Lubricating Oil - Not Hazardous by U.S. DOT.

ADR/RID Hazard class - Not applicable.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 311 CATEGORIES: 1. Immediate (Acute) Health Effects: NO

2. Delayed (Chronic) Health Effects: NO

3. Fire Hazard: NO

4. Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard: NO

5. Reactivity Hazard: NO

REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED:

01=SARA 313	11=NJ RTK	22=TSCA Sect 5(a)(2)
02=MASS RTK	12=CERCLA 302.4	23=TSCA Sect 6
03=NTP Carcinogen	13=MN RTK	24=TSCA Sect 12(b)
04=CA Prop 65-Carcin	n 14=ACGIH TWA	25=TSCA Sect 8(a)
05=CA Prop 65-Repro	Tox 15=ACGIH STE	L 26=TSCA Sect 8(d)
06=IARC Group 1	16=ACGIH Calc TL	V 27=TSCA Sect 4(a)
07=IARC Group 2A	17=OSHA PEL	28=Canadian WHMIS
08=IARC Group 2B	18=DOT Marine Po	ollutant 29=OSHA CEILING
09=SARA 302/304	19=Chevron TWA	30=Chevron STEL
10=PA RTK	20=EPA Carcinogen	

The following components of this material are found on the regulatory lists indicated.

WHITE MINERAL OIL is found on lists: 14,15,17,

NEW JERSEY RTK CLASSIFICATION:

Under the New Jersey Right-to-Know Act L. 1983 Chapter 315 N.J.S.A. 34:5A-1 et. seq., the product is to be identified as follows:

PETROLEUM OIL

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION:

This product is not considered a controlled product according to the criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA RATINGS: Health 0; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0; HMIS RATINGS: Health 1; Flammability 1; Reactivity 0; (0-Least, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-High, 4-Extreme, PPE:- Personal Protection Equipment Index recommendation, *- Chronic Effect Indicator). These values are obtained using the guidelines or published evaluations prepared by the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) or the National Paint and Coating Association (for HMIS ratings).

REVISION STATEMENT:

This revision updates Section 12 (Ecological linformation).

ABBREVIATIONS THAT MAY HAVE BEEN USED IN THIS DOCUMENT:

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TWA - Time Weighted Average

STEL - Short-term Exposure Limit TPQ - Threshold Planning Quantity

RQ - Reportable Quantity

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

C - Ceiling Limit

CAS - Chemical Abstract Service Number

A1-5 - Appendix A Categories

() - Change Has Been Proposed

NDA - No Data Available

NA - Not Applicable

The above information is based on the data of which we are aware and is believed to be correct as of the date hereof. Since this information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which we may be unfamiliar and since data made available subsequent to the date hereof may suggest modification of the information, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished upon condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose.